THREADED PIPE FITTING WITH RECESSED THREAD ROOTS

by

Douglas Swingley

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

This invention relates generally to pipe fittings and, more specifically, to threaded pipe fittings.

5

10

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

A common problem with the use of threaded pipe fittings, especially with non-metallic female threaded pipe fittings, is cracking which originates in the threads. A common cause of such cracking is the impingement of the crests of male threaded fittings with the roots of the female threaded fitting.

In the prior art, the impingement of crests and roots have attempted to be minimized by truncating the crests on the threads of the male fitting and by providing a female

fitting with rounded off roots. The theory for this is that any infringement of the non-sharp crests and roots would cause minimized stress in the roots -- and therefore less cracking. This technique has not proved reliable. Externally threaded male fittings marketed as having truncated crests frequently have crests which have insufficient or non-existent truncations.

5

Accordingly, there is a need for pipe fittings which avoid the aforementioned problem in the prior art.

SUMMARY

10

The invention satisfies this need. The invention is a pipe fitting having a body with an internal bore of a specific nominal diameter. The internal bore is threaded with internal bore threads. The internal bore threads have sides, crests and roots. The sides are disposed at a specific angle ϕ . The roots are recessed such that, when an externally threaded pipe having (i) the same nominal diameter as the bore of the pipe fitting body, and (ii) external threads with sides disposed at the same specific angle ϕ and with sharp crests is disposed within the bore of the pipe fitting body, the sharp crests of the external threads do not impinge upon the roots of the internal threads.

DRAWINGS

20

15

These and other features, aspects and advantages of the present invention will become better understood with reference to the following description, appended claims and accompanying drawings where:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a female pipe fitting having features of the invention;

25

Figure 2 is a cross-sectional view of the pipe fitting illustrated in Figure 1; Figure 3 is a detailed view of threads of pipe fittings in the prior art; Figure 4 is a detailed view of pipe threads having features of the invention; Figure 5 is a further detailed view of a single pipe thread root having features of the invention; and

Figure 6 is a second detailed view of a pipe thread root having features of the invention.

5

10

15

20

25

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The following discussion describes in detail one embodiment of the invention and several variations of that embodiment. This discussion should not be construed, however, as limiting the invention to those particular embodiments. Practitioners skilled in the art will recognize numerous other embodiments as well.

The invention is a pipe fitting 10 having a body 12 and an internal bore 14 of a specific nominal diameter. The internal bore 14 is threaded with internal bore threads 16. The internal bore threads 16 have sides 18, crests 20 and roots 22. The sides 16 are disposed at a specific angle ϕ .

Figure 1 illustrates the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 as it would be mated to an externally threaded pipe 24.

Figure 2 is a cross sectional diagram illustrating how the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 can be mated with the externally threaded pipe 24.

Figure 3 is a diagrammatic detail illustration of the internal threads 116 of an internally threaded pipe fitting 110 of the prior art showing it mated with the external threads of an externally threaded pipe 124. As can be seen in Figure 3, prior art threads 116 and 126 can have sharp crests 120 and 130 and roots 122 and 131 or slightly truncated crests 120 and 130 and roots 122 and 131.

Figure 4 illustrates one embodiment of the invention wherein the roots 22 of the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 are recessed such that, when an externally threaded pipe 24 having (i) the same nominal diameter as the bore 14 of the pipe fitting 10, and (ii) external threads 26 with sides 28 disposed at the same specific angle ϕ and with sharp crests 30 is disposed within the bore 14 of the pipe fitting 10, the sharp crests 30 of the external threads 26

do not impinge upon the roots 22 of the internal threads 16. By this design, it is impossible for the crests 30 of the externally threaded pipe 24 to impinge upon the roots of the internally threaded pipe fitting 10, even if the crests 30 of the externally threaded pipe 24 are sharp. This is illustrated in Figures 5 and 6. Figure 5 illustrates one embodiment of the invention wherein each of the roots 22 of the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 has a base 32 which is rounded. Figure 6 illustrates another embodiment of the invention wherein each of the roots 22 of the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 has a base 32 which is generally flat.

5

10

15

Typically the clearance 34 between the roots 22 of the internally threaded pipe fitting 10 and the sharp crests 30 of an externally threaded pipe 24 disposed within the bore 14 is less than about 0.03 inches in depth.

Because of the recessed roots of the invention, and the impossibility of impingement against the roots, stress induced cracks caused by impingement against the roots is eliminated.

Having thus described the invention, it should be apparent that numerous structural modifications and adaptations may be resorted to without departing from the scope and fair meaning of the instant invention as set forth hereinabove.